1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Lead(II) fluoride

Product Number : 229725
Brand : Aldrich
Supplier : Sigma-Aldrich
3050 Spruce Street
SAINT LOUIS MO  63103
USA
Telephone : +1 800-325-5832
Fax : +1 800-325-5052
Emergency Phone # (For both supplier and manufacturer) : (314) 776-6555
Preparation Information : Sigma-Aldrich Corporation
Product Safety - Americas Region
1-800-521-8956

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

OSHA Hazards
Carcinogen, Target Organ Effect, Highly toxic by inhalation, Highly toxic by ingestion, Highly toxic by skin absorption, Reproductive hazard

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 2)
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 2)
Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 1)
Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)
Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1)
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)
H300 + H310 Fatal if swallowed or in contact with skin
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.
P302 + P350 IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

HMIS Classification
- Health hazard: 4
- Chronic Health Hazard: *
- Flammability: 0
- Physical hazards: 0

NFPA Rating
- Health hazard: 4
- Fire: 0
- Reactivity Hazard: 0

Potential Health Effects
- Inhalation: May be fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
- Skin: May be fatal if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
- Eyes: May cause eye irritation.
- Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula: F$_2$Pb
Molecular Weight: 245.2 g/mol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead difluoride</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS-No.</td>
<td>7783-46-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-No.</td>
<td>231-998-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index-No.</td>
<td>082-001-00-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Conditions of flammability
Not flammable or combustible.

Suitable extinguishing media
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment for firefighters
Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

Hazardous combustion products
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Lead oxides

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
**Personal precautions**
Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

**Environmental precautions**
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Precautions for safe handling**
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

**Conditions for safe storage**
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Keep in a dry place.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Components with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>See 1910.1025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead difluoride</td>
<td>7783-46-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Central Nervous System impairment Hematologic effects Peripheral Nervous System impairment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section)Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans varies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Varies with compound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Z37.28-1969</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Appendix C
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection
Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection
Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove’s outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Eye protection
Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection
Complete suit protecting against chemicals. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Powder with lumps</td>
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<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>white</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Safety data</th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>Melting point/range: 824 °C (1,515 °F) - lit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition temperature</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>8.445 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
no data available

Conditions to avoid
no data available

Materials to avoid
acids, Borane/boron oxides, Alkali metals, Fluorine, Carbides, Reacts violently with:, Potassium

Hazardous decomposition products
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Lead oxides
Other decomposition products - no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral LD50
LD50 Oral - rat - 3,031 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50

Dermal LD50

Other information on acute toxicity
no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation
no data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization
no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
no data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead difluoride)
NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has been added by TD based on the background information of the NTP. (Lead difluoride)
OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity
Reproductive toxicity - rat - Inhalation
Paternal Effects: Spermatogenesis (including genetic material, sperm morphology,motility, and count). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus).
Reproductive toxicity - rat - Inhalation
Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total number of implants). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetal death.
Known human reproductive toxicant
no data available

Teratogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)
no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard
no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation: May be fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed.
Skin: May be fatal if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
Eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure
Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death. Kidney injury may occur.

Synergistic effects
no data available

Additional Information
RTECS: OG1225000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity
no data available

Persistence and degradability
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential
no data available

Mobility in soil
no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment
no data available

Other adverse effects
An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT (US)**
- UN number: 2291
- Class: 6.1
- Packing group: III
- Proper shipping name: Lead compounds, soluble, n.o.s. (Lead difluoride)
- Reportable Quantity (RQ): 10 lbs
- Marine pollutant: No
- Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG**
- UN number: 2291
- Class: 6.1
- Packing group: III
- EMS-No: F-A, S-A
- Proper shipping name: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (Lead difluoride)
- Marine pollutant: Marine pollutant

**IATA**
- UN number: 2291
- Class: 6.1
- Packing group: III
- Proper shipping name: Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s. (Lead difluoride)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**OSHA Hazards**
- Carcinogen, Target Organ Effect, Highly toxic by inhalation, Highly toxic by ingestion, Highly toxic by skin absorption,
- Reproductive hazard

**SARA 302 Components**
- SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

**SARA 313 Components**
- SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**
- Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

**Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead difluoride</td>
<td>7783-46-2</td>
<td>1993-04-24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead difluoride</td>
<td>7783-46-2</td>
<td>1993-04-24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**New Jersey Right To Know Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead difluoride</td>
<td>7783-46-2</td>
<td>1993-04-24</td>
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**California Prop. 65 Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Lead difluoride.</td>
<td>7783-46-2</td>
<td>2007-09-28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Further information**

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The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.